

## Rules for integrands of the form $(d \tan[e + f x])^n (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m$

1.  $\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$

1:  $\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n =$$

$$-\frac{1}{a^{m-n-1} b^n d} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{(a-bx)^{\frac{m-1}{2}} (a+bx)^{\frac{m-1+n}{2}}}{x^{m+n}}, x, \cos[c+d x]\right] \partial_x \cos[c+d x]$$

Rule: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{1}{a^{m-n-1} b^n d} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(a-bx)^{\frac{m-1}{2}} (a+bx)^{\frac{m-1+n}{2}}}{x^{m+n}} dx, x, \cos[c+d x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[cot[c_.+d_.*x_]^m_.*(a+b_.*csc[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol]:=  
 1/(a^(m-n-1)*b^n*d)*Subst[Int[(a-b*x)^( (m-1)/2)*(a+b*x)^( (m-1)/2+n)/x^(m+n),x],x,Sin[c+d*x]] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

2:  $\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $\frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$\tan[c + d x]^m = \frac{1}{d b^{m-1}} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{(-a+bx)^{\frac{m-1}{2}} (a+bx)^{\frac{m-1}{2}}}{x}, x, \sec[c+d x]\right] \partial_x \sec[c+d x]$$

Rule: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d b^{m-1}} \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{(-a + b x)^{\frac{m-1}{2}} (a + b x)^{\frac{m-1+n}{2}}}{x} dx, x, \sec[c + d x] \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[cot[c_.+d_.*x_]^m_.*(a_+b_.*csc[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=  
-1/(d*b^(m-1))*Subst[Int[(-a+b*x)^( (m-1)/2)*(a+b*x)^( (m-1)/2+n)/x,x],x,Csc[c+d*x]] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[n]]
```

2.  $\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x]) dx$

1:  $\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x]) dx$  when  $m > 1$

Rule: If  $m > 1$ , then

$$\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x]) dx \rightarrow \frac{e (e \tan[c + d x])^{m-1} (a m + b (m - 1) \sec[c + d x])}{d m (m - 1)} - \frac{e^2}{m} \int (e \tan[c + d x])^{m-2} (a m + b (m - 1) \sec[c + d x]) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_.+d_.*x_])^m_*(a_+b_.*csc[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=  
-e*(e*Cot[c+d*x])^(m-1)*(a*m+b*(m-1)*Csc[c+d*x])/(d*m*(m-1)) -  
e^2/m*Int[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^(m-2)*(a*m+b*(m-1)*Csc[c+d*x]),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[m,1]
```

2:  $\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x]) dx$  when  $m < -1$

Rule: If  $m < -1$ , then

$$\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x]) dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(e \tan[c + d x])^{m+1} (a + b \sec[c + d x])}{d e (m + 1)} - \frac{1}{e^2 (m + 1)} \int (e \tan[c + d x])^{m+2} (a (m + 1) + b (m + 2) \sec[c + d x]) dx$$

## Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_._+d_._*x_])^m_*(a_+b_.*csc[c_._+d_._*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
- (e*Cot[c+d*x])^(m+1)*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])/ (d*e*(m+1)) -
1/(e^(2*(m+1)))*Int[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^(m+2)*(a*(m+1)+b*(m+2)*Csc[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

3:  $\int \frac{a + b \sec[c + d x]}{\tan[c + d x]} dx$

## Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:  $\frac{a+b \sec[z]}{\tan[z]} = \frac{b+a \cos[z]}{\sin[z]}$

## Rule:

$$\int \frac{a + b \sec[c + d x]}{\tan[c + d x]} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{b + a \cos[c + d x]}{\sin[c + d x]} dx$$

## Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[c_._+d_._*x_])/cot[c_._+d_._*x_],x_Symbol] :=
Int[(b+a*Sin[c+d*x])/Cos[c+d*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x]
```

4:  $\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x]) dx$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule:

$$\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x]) dx \rightarrow a \int (e \tan[c + d x])^m dx + b \int (e \tan[c + d x])^m \sec[c + d x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_._+d_._*x_])^m_.*(a_+b_.*csc[c_._+d_._*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  a*Int[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^m,x] + b*Int[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^m*Csc[c+d*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x]
```

3:  $\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$   $\wedge$   $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $\tan[c + d x]^m = \frac{(-1)^{\frac{m-1}{2}}}{d b^{m-1}} \text{Subst} \left[ \frac{(b^2 - x^2)^{\frac{m-1}{2}}}{x}, x, b \sec[c + d x] \right] \partial_x (b \sec[c + d x])$

Rule: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(-1)^{\frac{m-1}{2}}}{d b^{m-1}} \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{(b^2 - x^2)^{\frac{m-1}{2}} (a + x)^n}{x} dx, x, b \sec[c + d x] \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[cot[c_._+d_._*x_]]^m_.*(a_+b_.*csc[c_._+d_._*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -(-1)^((m-1)/2)/(d*b^(m-1))*Subst[Int[(b^2-x^2)^(m-1)/2*(a+x)^n,x],x,b*Csc[c+d*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

4:  $\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

– Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \int (e \tan[c + d x])^m \text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b \sec[c + d x])^n, x] dx$$

– Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_._+d_._*x_])^m_*(a_._+b_._*csc[c_._+d_._*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^m,(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n,x],x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

5.  $\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$

1:  $\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n = \frac{2 a^{\frac{m}{2}+n+\frac{1}{2}}}{d} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{x^m (2+a x^2)^{\frac{m}{2}+n-\frac{1}{2}}}{(1+a x^2)}, x, \frac{\tan[c+d x]}{\sqrt{a+b \sec[c+d x]}}\right] \partial_x \frac{\tan[c+d x]}{\sqrt{a+b \sec[c+d x]}}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{2 a^{\frac{m}{2}+n+\frac{1}{2}}}{d} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{x^m (2+a x^2)^{\frac{m}{2}+n-\frac{1}{2}}}{(1+a x^2)} dx, x, \frac{\tan[c+d x]}{\sqrt{a+b \sec[c+d x]}}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[cot[c_.+d_.*x_]^m_.*(a_.+b_.*csc[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
-2*a^(m/2+n+1/2)/d*Subst[Int[x^m*(2+a*x^2)^(m/2+n-1/2)/(1+a*x^2),x],x,Cot[c+d*x]/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[c+d*x]]];;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n-1/2]
```

2:  $\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

### Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then  $a + b \sec[z] = a^2 e^{-2} (e \tan[z])^2 (-a + b \sec[z])^{-1}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , then

$$\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow a^{2n} e^{-2n} \int (e \tan[c + d x])^{m+2n} (-a + b \sec[c + d x])^{-n} dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_._+d_._*x_])^m_*(a_+b_._*csc[c_._+d_._*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
a^(2*n)*e^(-2*n)*Int[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^(m+2*n)/(-a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n,x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && ILtQ[n,0]
```

3:  $\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$\frac{2^{m+n+1} (e \tan[c + d x])^{m+1} (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n}{d e (m + 1)} \left( \frac{a}{a + b \sec[c + d x]} \right)^{m+n+1} \text{AppellF1}\left[ \frac{m+1}{2}, m+n, 1, \frac{m+3}{2}, -\frac{a - b \sec[c + d x]}{a + b \sec[c + d x]}, \frac{a - b \sec[c + d x]}{a + b \sec[c + d x]} \right]$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_._+d_._*x_])^m_*(a_+b_._*csc[c_._+d_._*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
-2^(m+n+1)*(e*Cot[c+d*x])^(m+1)*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n/(d e*(m+1))*(a/(a+b*Csc[c+d*x]))^(m+n+1)*  
AppellF1[(m+1)/2,m+n,1,(m+3)/2,-(a-b*Csc[c+d*x])/(a+b*Csc[c+d*x]),(a-b*Csc[c+d*x])/((a+b*Csc[c+d*x]))] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[n]]
```

6.  $\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

1.  $\int \frac{(e \tan[c + d x])^m}{a + b \sec[c + d x]} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

1.  $\int \frac{(e \tan[c + d x])^m}{a + b \sec[c + d x]} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1:  $\int \frac{\sqrt{e \tan[c + d x]}}{a + b \sec[c + d x]} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\frac{1}{a+b \sec[z]} = \frac{1}{a} - \frac{b}{a(b+a \cos[z])}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{e \tan[c + d x]}}{a + b \sec[c + d x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \int \sqrt{e \tan[c + d x]} dx - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{\sqrt{e \tan[c + d x]}}{b + a \cos[c + d x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[e_.*cot[c_._+d_._*x_]]/(a_+b_.*csc[c_._+d_._*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
 1/a*Int[Sqrt[e*Cot[c+d*x]],x]-b/a*Int[Sqrt[e*Cot[c+d*x]]/(b+a*Sin[c+d*x]),x];  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2:  $\int \frac{(e \tan[c + d x])^m}{a + b \sec[c + d x]} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\frac{\tan[z]^2}{a+b \sec[z]} = -\frac{a-b \sec[z]}{b^2} + \frac{a^2-b^2}{b^2(a+b \sec[z])}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int \frac{(e \tan[c+d x])^m}{a + b \sec[c+d x]} dx \rightarrow -\frac{e^2}{b^2} \int (e \tan[c+d x])^{m-2} (a - b \sec[c+d x]) dx + \frac{e^2 (a^2 - b^2)}{b^2} \int \frac{(e \tan[c+d x])^{m-2}}{a + b \sec[c+d x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_._+d_._*x_])^m_/(a_._+b_._*csc[c_._+d_._*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
-e^2/b^2*Int[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^(m-2)*(a-b*Csc[c+d*x]),x] +
e^2*(a^2-b^2)/b^2*Int[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^(m-2)/(a+b*Csc[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m-1/2,0]
```

2.  $\int \frac{(e \tan[c+d x])^m}{a + b \sec[c+d x]} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

1:  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e \tan[c+d x]} (a + b \sec[c+d x])} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\frac{1}{a+b \sec[z]} = \frac{1}{a} - \frac{b}{a(b+a \cos[z])}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e \tan[c+d x]} (a + b \sec[c+d x])} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e \tan[c+d x]}} dx - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e \tan[c+d x]} (b + a \cos[c+d x])} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[e_.*cot[c_._+d_._*x_]]*(a_._+b_._*csc[c_._+d_._*x_])),x_Symbol] :=
1/a*Int[1/Sqrt[e*Cot[c+d*x]],x] - b/a*Int[1/(Sqrt[e*Cot[c+d*x]]*(b+a*Sin[c+d*x])),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2:  $\int \frac{(e \tan[c + d x])^m}{a + b \sec[c + d x]} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

### Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\frac{1}{a+b \sec[z]} = \frac{a-b \sec[z]}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{b^2 \tan[z]^2}{(a^2-b^2)(a+b \sec[z])}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , then

$$\int \frac{(e \tan[c + d x])^m}{a + b \sec[c + d x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a - b \sec[c + d x]) dx + \frac{b^2}{e^2 (a^2 - b^2)} \int \frac{(e \tan[c + d x])^{m+2}}{a + b \sec[c + d x]} dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_._+d_._*x_])^m_/(a_._+b_._*csc[c_._+d_._*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
1/(a^2-b^2)*Int[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^m*(a-b*Csc[c+d*x]),x] +  
b^2/(e^2*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^(m+2)/(a+b*Csc[c+d*x]),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && ILtQ[m+1/2,0]
```

2.  $\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$
1.  $\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$
- 1:  $\int \tan[c + d x]^2 (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\tan[z]^2 = -1 + \sec[z]^2$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \tan[c + d x]^2 (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \int (-1 + \sec[c + d x]^2) (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[cot[c_.+d_.*x_]^2*(a_.+b_.*csc[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(-1+Csc[c+d*x]^2)*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

**2:**  $\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\tan[z]^2 = -1 + \sec[z]^2$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n \text{ExpandIntegrand}[((-1 + \sec[c + d x]^2)^{m/2}, x) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[cot[c_._+d_._*x_]^m_*(a_._+b_._*csc[c_._+d_._*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n,(-1+Csc[c+d*x]^2)^(m/2),x],x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m/2,0] && IntegerQ[n-1/2]
```

2:  $\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge n - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If  $\frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $\tan[z]^m = (-1 + \csc[z]^2)^{-m/2}$

Note: Note need find rules so restriction limiting  $m$  equal 2 can be lifted.

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge n - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n \text{ExpandIntegrand}\left[(-1 + \csc[c + d x]^2)^{-m/2}, x\right] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[cot[c_.+d_.*x_]^m_*(a_+b_.*csc[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n,(-1+Sec[c+d*x]^2)^(-m/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && ILtQ[m/2,0] && IntegerQ[n-1/2] && EqQ[m,-2]
```

3:  $\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \int (e \tan[c + d x])^m \text{ExpandIntegrand}\left[(a + b \sec[c + d x])^n, x\right] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_.+d_.*x_])^m_*(a_+b_.*csc[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^m,(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IgtQ[n,0]
```

4:  $\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (\frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \vee m \leq 1)$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Basis:  $a + b \sec[z] = \frac{b + a \cos[z]}{\cos[z]}$

Basis:  $\tan[z] = \frac{\sin[z]}{\cos[z]}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (\frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \vee m \leq 1)$ , then

$$\int \tan[c + d x]^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \int \frac{\sin[c + d x]^m (b + a \cos[c + d x])^n}{\cos[c + d x]^{m+n}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[cot[c_.+d_.*x_]^m_.*(a_.+b_.*csc[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  Int[Cos[c+d*x]^m*(b+a*Sin[c+d*x])^n/Sin[c+d*x]^(m+n),x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || LeQ[m,1])
```

U:  $\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$

Rule:

$$\int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \int (e \tan[c + d x])^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_.+d_.*x_])^m_.*(a_.+b_.*csc[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  Unintegrable[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^m*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n,x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x]
```

### Rules for integrands of the form $(d \tan[e + f x]^p)^n (a + b \sec[e + f x])^m$

1:  $\int (e \tan[c + d x]^p)^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $m \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:  $a_x \frac{(e \tan[c+d x]^p)^m}{(e \tan[c+d x])^{mp}} = 0$

Rule: If  $m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (e \tan[c + d x]^p)^m (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(e \tan[c + d x]^p)^m}{(e \tan[c + d x])^{mp}} \int (e \tan[c + d x])^{mp} (a + b \sec[c + d x])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_._+d_._*x_])^m_*(a_._+b_._*sec[c_._+d_._*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  (e*Cot[c+d*x])^m*Tan[c+d*x]^m*Int[(a+b*Sec[c+d*x])^n/Tan[c+d*x]^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

```
Int[(e_.*tan[c_._+d_._*x_]^p_})^m_*(a_._+b_._*sec[c_._+d_._*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  (e*Tan[c+d*x]^p)^m/(e*Tan[c+d*x])^(m*p)*Int[(e*Tan[c+d*x])^(m*p)*(a+b*Sec[c+d*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

```
Int[(e_.*cot[c_._+d_._*x_]^p_})^m_*(a_._+b_._*csc[c_._+d_._*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  (e*Cot[c+d*x]^p)^m/(e*Cot[c+d*x])^(m*p)*Int[(e*Cot[c+d*x])^(m*p)*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```